# PROPERTIES OF SYSTEMS AND THEIR SOLUTIONS COMMON CORE ALGEBRA I

There is one final way that we will solve systems of equations, but we won't look at that until the next lesson. Systems are important because they tell us **multiple conditions** that relate **multiple variables** or **unknowns**. In this lesson, we will experiment with systems and what we can do with them and how this affects their solutions.

*Exercise* #1: Consider the system shown to the right and its solution (1, 5).

- (a) Show that x = 1 and y = 5 is a solution to the system of equations.
- (b) Find the sum of the two equations. Is the point (1,5) a solution to this new equation? Justify your yes/no response.

(c) Multiply both sides of the second equation by 2 to get an equivalent equation. Is the point (1, 5) a solution to this new equation? Justify your yes/no response.

(d) Take the equation you found in (c) and add it to the first equation. What happens? How does this allow us to now solve for the variable *x*? Do so, what do you find?

(e) Once you know the value of *x*, how can you find the value of *y*?







x - y = -4

So, what we see is that a solution to a system of equations remains a solution to that system under a variety of conditions.

#### SOLUTIONS TO SYSTEMS REMAIN SOLUTIONS IF

- 1. Properties of equality are used to rewrite either of the equations.
- 2. The equations are added or subtracted or any rewrite is added or subtracted.

Let's play some more with these ideas, but with a new system.

*Exercise* **#2:** Consider the system shown to the right:

(a) Show that the point (3, -1) is a solution to the system.

3x + 2y = 7

4x - 3y = 15

- (b) The point (3, -1) will be a solution to the system shown below. How can you determine this without substituting the point in?
  - 8x 6y = 30
  - 9x + 6y = 21
- (c) What happens when you add these two equations together? How can this let you solve for *x*? Find it and find *y*.

*Exercise* #3: Solve the system below using the **method** of **elimination**. Show the steps in your work and show that your answer is in fact a solution to the system.

2x + 4y = 26x + 3y = -3





# PROPERTIES OF SYSTEMS AND THEIR SOLUTIONS COMMON CORE ALGEBRA I HOMEWORK

### FLUENCY

1. The point (2, 7) is a solution to the system of equations given below.

$$3x + 2y = 20$$

$$x - y = -5$$

(a) Show that this point is a solution.

(b) Add the two equations together and show that (2, 7) is a solution to the result.

- (c) Subtract the two equations (be careful) and show that (2, 7) is a solution to the result.
- (d) Multiply both sides of the second equation by 2. Show that (2,7) is a solution to the result.

2. The point (4, -2) is a solution to the system of equations 2x + y = 6. Which of the following equations x + 5y = -6

would it *not* be a solution to?

- (1) 3x + 6y = 0 (3) 2x + 2y = 12
- (2) 2x + 10y = -12 (4) x 4y = 12
- 3. Which of the following points is a solution to the system?
  - (1) (4,1) (3) (-3,9) x-2y=-11
  - (2) (5, 2) (4) (3, 7) 5x + 2y = 29





#### APPLICATIONS

- 4. A small movie theater sells children's tickets for \$4 each and adult tickets for \$10 each for an animated movie. The theater sells a total of \$388 in ticket sales.
  - (a) If *c* represents the number of children's tickets sold and *a* represents the number of adult tickets sold, write an equation that models the information shown above.
  - (c) Show that after multiplying both sides of the equation in (a) by 2, c = 52 and a = 18 is still a solution to this equation.

(b) Show that c = 52 and a = 18 is a solution to this equation (not system).

(d) How can you interpret multiplying both sides of the equation by 2 in letter (a) in terms of ticket prices and total ticket sales?

## REASONING

In the next lesson, we will reinforce solving systems using the **Method of Elimination**. This last question reinforces why and how the method works.

- 5. Consider the system of equation: x+4y=133x+2y=19
  - (a) Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2. What equation results?
- (b) Add the equation from (a) to the first equation. What happens? What can you now solve for?

- (c) Now that you know the value of *x*, how can you find the value of *y*? Find it.
- (d) What could you have multiplied both sides of the first equation by to **eliminate** the *x* instead of the *y*?



